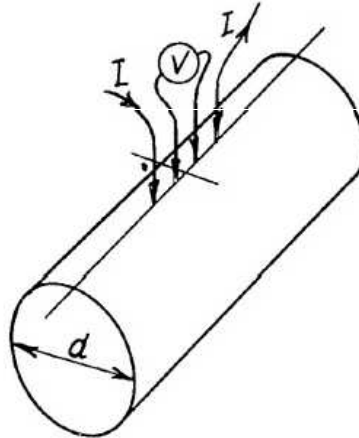


H.) BAR OF CIRCULAR CROSS SECTION,H.1) Probe Array on a Generator.

$$\rho = G \frac{V}{I}$$

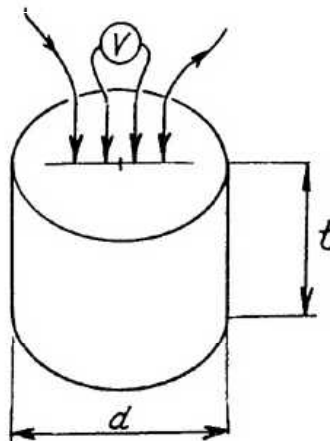


A calculation of the geometric factor G for this configuration has not been published although it is of great practical interest.

Preliminary calculations (k) show that in this case G approaches $2\pi s$ at a considerably lower rate when d/s goes to infinity than for square cross section when $a/s \rightarrow \infty$ (section F.2), e.g. $G \cong 2\pi s \cdot 0,918$ at $d/s = 10$ for an infinite bar of circular cross section.

H.2) Probe Array in Center of Cross Section.

$$\rho = G \cdot \frac{V}{I}$$



No calculation of the geometric factor has been published.